

THE DEMOCRAT.

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THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resumptions, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

DOMESTIC.

Earthquake shocks were felt in Boulder, Loveland, Longmont and Fort Collins, Col.

The fifty-third anniversary of the admission of California in the union was observed throughout the state.

George Brandt shot and killed his divorced wife and mother-in-law, Mrs. Mary Murphy, near Spring Green, Wis. The first session of the circuit court at Zion City, Ill., was held, Judge Barnes taking the bench after prayer and a sermon by John Alexander Dowle.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bennett, prominent people, were killed by the cars at Cleveland, O.

The agricultural department is making a determined effort to keep out of the United States all goods that do not comply with the requirements of the pure food law.

Secretary Moody has returned to Washington from New England, where he spent his summer vacation.

Wilfred Roschore, a negro, was executed at Statesville, N. C., for assassinating and killing Mrs. Adolph Beavers.

Ernest Berry, of Aurora, Ill., was shot at by Della Walton, whom he refused to marry, and who then committed suicide.

Arthur Amosson, a Pittsburg (Pa.) private banker, is missing, and depositors claim they are out \$40,000.

A sheriff's posse was hunting the woods near Rock Hills, Ill., for W. A. Hoffman, who killed Dr. William Brandt, his father-in-law, because the latter refused to give more money to Hoffman's family.

Dr. Edward C. Rushmore, of Tuxedo, N. J., was badly injured and Miss Cornelia Herriek, his niece, was killed in an automobile accident.

Fifty retail grocers in Chicago are said to be involved in the conspiracy of teamsters employed by wholesale grocers to steal goods and sell them.

The government crop report for September 1 indicates an increased yield of corn and a decline in the percentage of condition of wheat and oats.

The bank of Willoughby, O., failed with estimated liabilities of \$200,000 and assets of \$250,000.

Commissioner of Pensions Ware, in his annual report, places the total number of pensioners now on the rolls at 996,545, of which 728,356 are soldiers and 267,189 are widows and dependents. The roll shows a net loss of 2,591 pensioners during the year.

"Uncle" Finney, an ex-slave, over 90 years old, who lived in a cabin on a farm near Richmond, Va., was charged with being a sorcerer and shot to death.

By the giving away of a scaffold 60 feet above the ground in Duluth, Minn., four men were instantly killed.

The home of Fred Roher, editor of the Berne (Ind.) Witness, was almost entirely demolished by dynamite. Roher's paper has been leading the opposition to licensed saloons.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the seven days ended on the 12th aggregated \$1,429,429,672. The decrease compared with the corresponding week of last year was 41.9.

Mrs. Clara Costello, of Chicago, despondent over her husband's insanity, saturated her clothing with kerosene and burned herself to death.

Justices Caverly and Prindiville declared in Chicago that wife-beaters should be whipped at the post.

All but 14 buildings in the village of Eustis, Me., were destroyed by fire.

It is proposed to elevate the American legation at Constantinople to an embassy, in order to avoid delays in treating with the sultan of Turkey.

Forty-five New Jersey corporations, with a total capitalization of over \$80,000,000, are reported to have passed into the hands of receivers during the last year.

A carload of powder exploded near Beaumont, Tex., killing three men.

Conspiracy and bribery are the charges in the indictments returned in the post office investigation at Washington against George W. Beavers, August W. Machen, James W. Erwin, Isaac S. McGlehan, George H. Huntington and Eugene D. Sheble.

New York athletes captured the national championship of American Amateur Athletic union at the Milwaukee meet.

The schooner Fielding rescued seven men and one woman from the bottom of an overturned ship near Port au Prince. Nine of their companions were drowned.

There were 172 business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 12th, against 205 the same week in 1902.

Secretary Shaw is having prepared a "blacklist" of national banks that are reducing their circulation.

A ten-inch wire gun in a trial at Sandy Hook fired shots at a velocity of 2,500 feet a second, practically the world's record.

Weekly reviews of trade say there is increasing activity in nearly all lines of business.

The "Star-Spangled Banner," which commemorates the siege of Baltimore by the British September 13, 1814, has been selected as the national anthem by the navy.

Wind, rain and snow caused great damage over a wide area of the northwest, the loss to crops being serious.

A corporal and a seaman were killed and several other persons were severely injured by the explosion of a barrel of alcohol on the cruiser Olympia at Norfolk, Va.

President Roosevelt has abandoned the plan to summon congress in extraordinary session in October, and the present plan fixes November 9 as the date.

Forty-five countries will be represented at the St. Louis exposition, according to John Barrett, commissioner general.

Sailors on the battleship Kearsarge were on the verge of mutiny at New York and 120 of the crew were imprisoned.

Counterfeiting of United States coin was carried on in the Pennsylvania penitentiary at Philadelphia by five convicts under the officials' noses.

Senator Carmack, of Tennessee, will introduce in congress next session a bill for the repeal of the fifteenth amendment.

A hurricane swept over Florida, causing loss of life and great damage to property.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 12th were: Pittsburgh, 67; New York, 66; Chicago, 58; Cincinnati, 57; Brooklyn, 54; Boston, 41; Philadelphia, 39; St. Louis, 31.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the American league for the week ended on the 12th were: Boston, 63; Cleveland, 52; Philadelphia, 57; New York, 51; Detroit, 49; St. Louis, 40; Chicago, 44; Washington, 30.

The postal receipts at the 50 largest post offices in the United States for August were \$1,728,205, a net increase of \$106,842 over August, 1902.

Robbers took about \$10,000 in cash from the Minnehaha county bank at Valley Springs, S. D.

The cruiser Maryland was launched at Newport News, Va.

John Whynia, a lumberman 45 years old, committed suicide by throwing himself into the whirlpool rapids at Niagara Falls.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Judge Charles E. Flandreau, one of the most prominent pioneer citizens of Minnesota, died at his home in St. Paul, aged 75 years.

Ohio democrats opened the state campaign at Akron, Tom L. Johnson, candidate for governor, being the principal speaker.

D. W. Green, of Washington, D. C., special examiner of the pension bureau, died of apoplexy in Seattle.

Mayor Seth Low has been selected to lead the fusion fight against Tammany Hall in New York, and the old fusion ticket was nominated.

Anna C. Hines died in Shelbyville, Ind., aged 163 years and six months.

The republicans of the eighth district of Texas have nominated Dr. Max Ullrich, of Houston, for congress.

FOREIGN.

Rear Admiral Cotton was asked by foreign consuls at Beirut to land marines from American warships to protect consulates.

It is said that King Peter will abdicate if the czar refuses to accede to his request to reconsider his attitude towards the Serbian officers.

Turkish troops were ordered across the Bulgarian frontier to surround revolutionist bands in the Adrianople district.

A United States gunboat seized three islands off the coast of British North Borneo and England raises objection.

Rehiss Pasha, wali of Beirut, has been dismissed and Nazim Pasha appointed in his stead in compliance with the demand of United States Minister Leishman.

Prof. Cardarelli, an eminent physician, says that Pope Leo XIII. died of cancer.

The government of Colombia is aroused to the danger of the secession of Panama, owing to delay in the canal treaty, and takes steps to check the movement.

The powers are still exerting pressure both at Constantinople and Sofia to prevent a Turko-Bulgarian war.

France has ordered a squadron to prepare to sail for Turkish waters.

Later reports show that a storm which swept the British Isles caused great devastation among the shipping, and that the loss of life was over 50.

Tolstol celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday with his family at Tula, Russia, in good health.

Advices from Sofia report another wholesale massacre by Turks, 60,000 persons, the entire Christian population of the Akrida and Leren districts, being slain.

The presence of war ships in Turkish waters has resulted in the porte showing eagerness to grant the United States' demands, not only for the protection of Americans, but for the settlement of old questions.

An epidemic of yellow fever prevails in Linares, Mexico, one-fourth of the population, 3,000 persons, having died.

A fierce gale throughout Great Britain did great damage on land, and it was feared that many vessels had been lost.

LATER.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, on the 14th, designated about fifty national banks in various parts of the country as depositories of public funds, and ordered about \$1,000,000 deposited with them. Very little of this money went to banks in the large cities, the money going chiefly into the agricultural sections and the southwest.

A. W. Machen, the much-indicted ex-official of the Washington (D. C.) post office department, on the 14th, gave bond in the sum of \$10,000. This was required by the district attorney on account of the new indictment against him. He was already under \$20,000 bond, making now \$30,000 in all.

Harold Richard Vynne, former editor of the New York Town Topics, and for a number of years connected with the various Chicago newspapers, died, on the 14th, in Denning (Ill.) insane asylum, to which he was confined a few days ago, of maniacal exhaustion.

Two feet of snow covered the ground in Minot, N. D., and trains were greatly delayed. A special from Kenmare, N. D., on the 14th, says one foot of snow covered the ground, with snow still falling. At Medora, N. D., the snow was ten inches deep.

The Belleville (Ill.) circuit court convened for the September term, on the 14th, with Judge R. D. W. Holder presiding. The grand jury convened and elected officers. The jury has much important work before it, and the public is watching for its report.

The mint bureau at Washington, D. C., on the 14th, purchased 300,000 ounces of silver for account of the Philippine (P. I.) coinage, at an average of 57.81 cents an ounce, delivered in San Francisco, Cal.

A heavy sack of mail fell from a Wash-bash train and was ground into pieces by a freight train at Edwardsville, Ill., on the 12th. The contents were scattered along the railroad tracks for half a mile.

The Missouri secretary of state, on the 14th, issued a certificate of capital stock to the Mississippi River & Boone Terre Railroad Co., from \$600,000 to \$2,500,000.

Passengers arriving at Jacksonville, Fla., on the 14th, by train from Tampa, Fla., report the property loss there due to the hurricane at about \$1,000,000.

The Elgin (Ill.) board of trade, on the 14th, voted \$15,000 for the Illinois dairy exhibit at the St. Louis World's fair.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

Pope Plus X. wears a watch of American make.

Senator Tillman says he has had enough of lecturing and will forsake the platform.

Dr. Adolphus Keckler, of Cincinnati, is about to start on his fifty-ninth tour around the world.

A railway has been completed in Peru which climbs an altitude of 17,000 feet in 75 miles.

Baron Toll, whose polar expedition left St. Petersburg in June, 1900, has not been heard from since June, 1902.

Mrs. Robert J. Burdette has been appointed a special police officer at Pasadena, Cal., the number of her star being 36.

Oscar Johnson, recently appointed assistant paymaster in the army, was for several years a newsboy in Minneapolis.

President Loubet, of France, has purchased the castle of Mezeze, which once belonged to Diana of Poitiers, favorite of Henry II.

Maj. E. H. Ellis, of the British war office, will examine the military surveys in Canada, with a view to having them brought up to date.

Canada's house of commons has four members of United States nativity, among them John Charlton, the ablest debater in that body.

The big Cripple Creek (Col.) district drainage tunnel calculated to drain the mining area to a depth of 250 feet below the present water level, admitting of deeper mining, is completed.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the board of trustees of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, held in Boston, it was voted to hold the next international convention in Baltimore, July 5, 1905.

Ferdinand W. Peck returned to Chicago from a long trip in Alaska and eastern Siberia and speaks in glowing terms of the mineral wealth disclosed. The product of tin mines, he thinks, will yet vie with the gold output.

Twenty-five thousand square feet on a hill, just east of Art hill, on the world's fair grounds, in St. Louis, have been assigned by the management as a site for a demonstration station of the Marconi wireless telegraph.

A commercial agent of the Japanese government is in California to make an experiment in shipping California oranges to Japan.

STATE ITEMS.

A Great Orchard State.

Missouri is the greatest orchard state in the federal union. It has, according to the census, nearly a third more trees than Michigan, which is second. It is the purpose of the Missouri World's fair commission to show this fact to the world. A thousand barrels of apples will be secured by the department of horticulture, of which B. H. Bonfoey, of Unionville, is chairman and L. A. Goodman superintendent. These will be placed on cold storage for exhibit purposes. Discussing the matter, Superintendent Goodman said: "The first thing to remember is that the best handling of the apples the better. From the tree to the box or barrel is the ideal way. Of course this can not always be done, for we often have to do the best we can. But you may be sure that all fruit should be wrapped in the orchard, if possible, just as you gather them. Oftimes we have to select, after they are gathered from the wagons as they are hauled into the towns or to the packing sheds, but you may be sure this is not the ideal way. We shall want from one peck to six barrels of a variety. I realize more fully than any of you that this is about the worst year we have ever had to make such a selection of winter apples as we know we are capable of making, and, therefore, it will take the most extraordinary effort to secure a creditable exhibit. We shall provide storage for one car of 200 barrels at Artesian Ice & Cold Storage Co., St. Joseph, one at Armour Packing Co. cold storage, Kansas City; one at Springfield Ice & Cold Storage Co., Springfield, and two at St. Joseph Refrigerating & Cold Storage Co., St. Louis, so that we can easily and quickly get them into storage."

Watchman Killed.

Andrew Barnett, a private watchman at Forest Park Highlands died while waiting for an ambulance to convey him to the St. Louis city hospital. A fight in which he was injured resulted from an attempt on his part to arrest a man for disturbing the peace. Friends crowded about and took him away from Barnett. There was a large crowd at the Highlands, a holiday picnic being in progress. A general fight followed, the police swinging their clubs over the heads of the men who were struggling with Barnett. After the police had beaten the crowd back from Barnett, they took charge of him and found he was fatally hurt.

Target Rifle Deaths.

Russell Puellmann, 15-year-old son of Louis Puellmann, of Orrville, St. Louis county, was shot and killed by James Orr, his playmate. The boys were practicing target shooting near the Puellmann home. Puellmann and Orr, with Jesse Bacon and Fritz Coleman, had been out hunting during the afternoon, and on their return put up a target. Orr had difficulty in breaking the breach, when the weapon was discharged, and the contents lodged in Russell's left side. He died 15 minutes later. Justice Guckes, of Gumbo, held an inquest and returned a verdict of accidental death.

A Cure for Snake Bite.

A Missouri preacher has discovered a new and efficacious cure for snake bite. His name is Rev. A. B. Lipp, of Unionville, and his substitute for the thoroughly tested product of maize is a common weed. It is claimed that the new discovery acts as an instant antidote to the poisonous effects of the reptile bite. Putnam county people are so interested in the belief that the remedy is sure, that they have requested Chairman B. H. Bonfoey, of Unionville, of the Missouri World's fair commission, to place the weed on exhibition during the fair.

Narrow Escape From Death.

W. L. Markland, D. C. Walker and T. J. Rust and brother had a narrow escape from being drowned while attempting to ford a creek in a buggy east of Armstrong. The creek was swelled by heavy rains, and the current was very fast. The vehicle was overturned, and the occupants were forced to swim for their lives.

A Fatal Cave-In.

One man was killed and another seriously injured by the caving in of five feet of earth at the intersection of Clara and Cote Brillante avenues, in St. Louis, where the Laclede Gas Co. was making an excavation. The dead man is Harry Howard, aged 40, who leaves a family. The injured man is Finis Henry.

Arrested at Prison Gate.

Sheriff King of Webster county arrested George Musgrave at the penitentiary gates, at Jefferson City, just as he finished serving a four-year-term for grand larceny. King took him back to Webster county to answer a charge of embezzlement.

Cass County Old Settlers.

A large crowd attended the annual picnic of the old settlers of Cass county at Chandlerville. Hon. James Elliott, of Havana, was the principal speaker.

RARE EXHIBITS FOR FAIR.

Original Treaty for the Purchase of the Louisiana Territory.

Government Will Show Originals and Models of Documents and Inventions in Every Line.

Washington, Sept. 15.—The original treaty for the purchase of the Louisiana territory, now in the vaults of the department of state, is written on six pages of Irish linen paper, bound together with a piece of green silk ribbon. After the signatures of Livingston, Monroe and Marbois are wax seals impressed with the armorial signet rings of the signers. This treaty was recently photographed, but the original document will be taken to the St. Louis exposition, and the first page, securely protected, will be exhibited.

The plans for the exhibit of the treasury department at the exposition are practically completed. Displayed in large frames are specimens of bonds, notes, certificates, consols, etc., issued by the United States government. In the same manner various internal revenue stamps are shown.

The exhibit of the patent office will show a series of models designed to represent ideas that have made epochs in the industrial history of the world. So far as possible, the first thing of its kind in every line of human invention will be shown. Visitors will have an opportunity of seeing the first actual sewing machine ever constructed. It was patented in 1846 by Elias Howe. Equally interesting is the earliest typewriter, which was patented by C. Thurber in 1842.

The exhibit will include a model of the first cast-iron plow, which was patented by Charles Newbold in 1797, and the first screw propeller, which was invented by Robert Hook in 1680. The invention of the steamboat is credited to Robert Fulton, yet in the seventeenth century Denys Papin launched on the Seine, in France, a boat that was run by steam, a model of which will be shown. Among the most interesting of all the models will be that of Abraham Lincoln's famous device for lifting steamboats off shoals.

Another exhibit will be the first printing press and harvesting machine, the latter made in 159 B. C. The first locomotive and first steam engine, made in Egypt, 150 B. C., also will be shown, with many other rare inventions.

RELiance AND SHAMROCK.

Exposition Officers Will Ask Sir Thomas and Mr. Lipton to Bring Yachts to World's Fair.

St. Louis, Sept. 15.—Sir Thomas Lipton, one of the grandest sportsmen in the world, who owns the Shamrock III, will visit St. Louis within a few days. He will be the guest of President D. R. Francis and the exposition company. After Sir Thomas sees the beauties of the magnificent Forest City it will be an easy matter to convince the great sportsman that the yachting boats Reliance and Shamrock III would be a splendid attraction for World's fair visitors.

If Sir Thomas consents, and it is believed he will, the owner of the Reliance would likely accept the challenge and come along with the cup defender. What a grand sight it would be to see the sails of the two racers stretched to the breeze on the Mississippi opposite St. Louis. Dignified Uncle Sam has twice consented to send his warships to our harbor. Can Sir Thomas and Mr. Lipton afford to be less gracious and condescending than Uncle Sam?

The yachts could either be dismantled and shipped across from New York or towed up the river. The interest in the boat races makes it certain that the yachts would be a great attraction for the World's fair.

TEAPOT TEMPEST STILLED

The Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club Dinner Episode Developed From Misunderstanding.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Sept. 15.—By authority of the president the statement was made that the complication which arose over the Seawanhaka Corinthian yacht club dinner had developed from a misunderstanding. The president explained to Colgate Hoyt, chairman of the board of trustees of the club, that he could not attend a large formal dinner, as by so doing he would be unjust to many friends and organizations whose invitations to similar affairs he had been obliged to decline.

The president further wishes it to be known that he did not in the remotest way object to the presence of Sir Thomas Lipton at the dinner. He wrote a personal letter to Mr. Hoyt stating his position. In that letter he informed Mr. Hoyt that he not only had no objection to the attendance of Sir Thomas Lipton at the dinner, but that as a member of the club he would be glad to see him there if Sir Thomas could make it convenient to be present.